

## Extraordinary properties of light and the quantum spin Hall effect of light

### Objective

To study the extraordinary properties of light, including the quantum spin Hall effect of light

### Summary of Research Activities

- ◆ By analyzing fundamental spin properties of Maxwell waves, we show that free-space light exhibits an intrinsic quantum spin Hall effect—surface modes with strong spin-momentum locking. These modes are evanescent waves that form, for example, surface plasmon-polaritons at vacuum-metal interfaces. Our findings illuminate the unusual transverse spin in evanescent waves and explain recent experiments that have demonstrated the transverse spin-direction locking in the excitation of surface optical modes. This deepens our understanding of Maxwell's theory, reveals analogies with topological insulators for electrons, and offers applications for robust spin-directional optical interfaces.
- ◆ We have also performed a systematic study of transverse spin and momentum in two-wave interference.
- ◆ Our results provide new insights into: (1) Transverse and longitudinal angular momenta of light; and (2) Spin-orbit interactions of light.

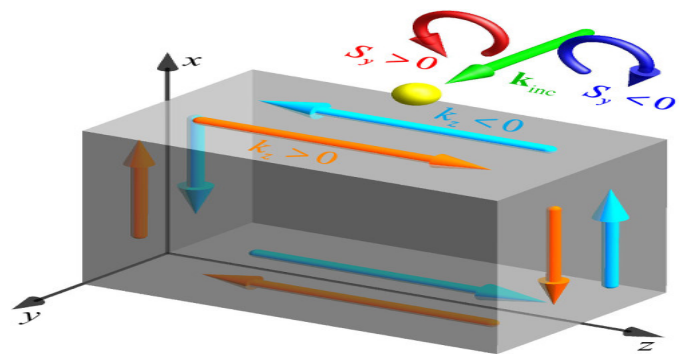


Fig. 1: Schematic of experiments demonstrating the quantum spin Hall effect of light

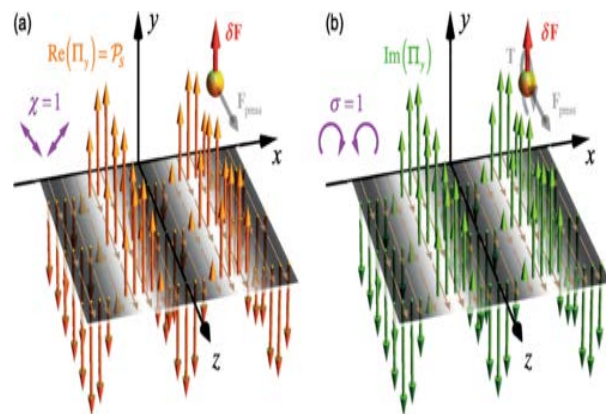


Fig.2 Transverse polarization-dependent momenta in the two-wave interference field.

### Publications

- K.Y. Bliokh, D. Smirnova, F. Nori, *Quantum spin Hall effect of light*, Science 348, 1448-1451 (2015). Highlighted in a Perspectives [Science 348, 1432 (2015)].
- A.Y. Bekshaev, K.Y. Bliokh, F. Nori, *Transverse spin and momentum in two-wave interference*, Phys. Rev. X 5, 011039 (2015).
- J. Dressel, K.Y. Bliokh, F. Nori, *Space-time algebra as a powerful tool for electromagnetism*, Physics Reports, Vol. 589, Pages 1–71 (2015).
- K.Y. Bliokh and F. Nori, *Transverse and longitudinal angular momenta of light*, Physics Reports, Volume 592, 26, Pages 1–38 (2015).
- K.Y. Bliokh, F.J. Rodriguez-Fortuno, F. Nori, A.V. Zayats, *Spin-orbit interactions of light*, Nature Photonics 9, p. 796–808 (2015).